according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 1 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Sodium Hydroxide,Lab,Beads

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25548D

Recommended uses of the product and restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific, Inc 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331 (717) 632-1291

Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 6771 Silver Crest Road, Nazareth, PA 18064 (724)517-1954

Emergency telephone number:

Fisher Science Education

Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:



Corrosive

Skin corrosion, category 1A Corrosive to metals, category 1 Serious eye damage, category 1



Irritant

Skin sensitization, category 1

Skin Corrosion 1B. Skin Sensitization 1. Corrosive to Metals 1. Eye corr. 1.

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 2 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Keep only in original container.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

Store in corrosive resistant stainless steel container with a resistant inner liner.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

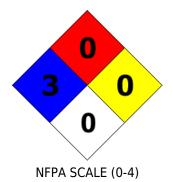
Other Non-GHS Classification:

WHMIS





NFPA/HMIS





HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:				
CAS 1310-73-2	Sodium Hydroxide		100 %	
		Р	ercentages are by weight	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation:

Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists. If breathing difficult, give oxygen.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 3 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

After skin contact:

Wash affected area with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort or vomiting persists.

After eye contact:

Protect unexposed eye. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 30 minutes.

After swallowing:

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort or vomiting persists.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation. Nausea. Headache. Shortness of breath. Burning of eyes, skin or respiratory tract. Blindness or permanent eye damage. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

If in laboratory setting, follow laboratory fire suppression procedures. Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition.

Unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment:

Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing and equipment.

Additional information (precautions): None

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Transfer to a disposal or recovery container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from ignition sources. Protect from heat. Stop the spill, if possible. Contain spilled material by diking or using inert absorbent.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per Section 13.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage due to corrosiveness to metal. If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan procedures. Place into properly labeled containers for recovery or disposal. If necessary, use trained response staff/contractor. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 4 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect solids in powder form using vacuum with (HEPA filter).

Reference to other sections: None

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage due to corrosiveness to metal. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands after handling. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan. Use only in well ventilated areas. Avoid generation of dust or fine particulate.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Prevent dust accumulations to minimize explosion hazard. Store as a corrosive. Store in a cool location. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect from freezing and physical damage.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection





Control Parameters: 1310-73-2, Caustic Soda, OSHA 2 mg/m3.

1310-73-2, Caustic Soda, ACGIH NIOSH 10 mg/m3.

Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use/handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use under a fume hood.

Respiratory protection: Use suitable respiratory protective device when high concentrations are

present. Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. For spills, respiratory protection may be advisable. Use under a

fume hood.

Protection of skin: The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/

the substance/ the preparation being used/handled. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and

the degradation.

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 5 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

General hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. Keep away from food, beverages and feed sources. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases/fumes/dust/mist/vapor/aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color):	White solid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined Not determined	
Odor:	Odorless	Vapor pressure at 20°C:	1 mbar @ 700C	
Odor threshold:	Not determined	Vapor density:	Not determined	
pH-value:	Not determined	Relative density:	Not determined	
Melting/Freezing point:	318C	Solubilities:	Soluble in water.	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	ii kun (Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not determined	
Flash point (closed cup):	Not determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined	
Evaporation rate:	Not determined	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined	
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic: Not determined b. Dynamic: Not determined	
Density at 20°C:	Not determined Additional property::Hygroscopic.			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: None **Chemical stability:**

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Air sensitive.

Possible hazardous reactions: None

Conditions to avoid:

Store away from oxidizing agents, strong acids or bases. Excess heat, dust formation, incompatible products, exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible materials:

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products:

sodium oxides, hydrogen. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:

Oral:

LD50 Rat: 1350 mg/kg

Chronic Toxicity:

Dermal:

Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 6 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

Corrosion Irritation:

Dermal:

Section 2 Classified as a skin corrosion

Ocular:

Section 2 (eye damage is presumed with Skin 1 classification) Classified as a skin corrosion

Sensitization:

Classified as skin sensitizer.

Numerical Measures: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: Not listed

NTP: Not listed

Mutagenicity: No additional information.

Reproductive Toxicity: No additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Fish (acute 1310-73-2): : 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 45.4 mg/L

Persistence and degradability:

Readily degradable in the environment.

Bioaccumulative potential: No additional information.

Mobility in soil: No additional information.

Other adverse effects: No additional information.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

Product/containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or open water. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Consult federal state/ provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of waste material that may incorporate some amount of this product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

US DOT

UN Number:

ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA 1823

Limited Quantity Exception: None

Bulk: Non Bulk:

RQ (if applicable): None RQ (if applicable): None

Proper shipping Name: Sodium Hydroxide, **Proper shipping Name:** Sodium Hydroxide,

Solid. Solid.

Hazard Class: 8 Hazard Class: 8

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 7 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

Packing Group: II.

Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No

additional information. **Comments:** None

Packing Group: II.

Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No

additional information. **Comments:** None





SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States (USA)

SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Reactive, Acute, Chronic

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients are listed.

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients are listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

1310-73-2 Sodium Hydroxide 1000 lbs.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

1310-73-2 Sodium Hydroxide.

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Note. The responsibility to

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Page 8 of 8

Sodium Hydroxide, Lab, Beads

provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases: None

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

IMDG International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).

CFR Code of Federal Regulations (USA).

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA).

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA).

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA).

NPRI National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada).

DOT US Department of Transportation.

IATA International Air Transport Association.

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

NFPA National Fire Protection Association (USA).

HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA).

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).

DNEL Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).

Effective date: 12.13.2014 Last updated: 05.21.2015