according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 1 of 8

Lead Dioxide

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Lead Dioxide

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: \$25380

Recommended uses of the product and restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific, Inc 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331 (717) 632-1291

Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 6771 Silver Crest Road, Nazareth, PA 18064 (724)517-1954

Emergency telephone number:

Fisher Science Education

Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:



Oxidizing

Oxidizing solids, category 3



Irritant

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation), category 4



Health hazard

Carcinogenicity, category 1B Reproductive toxicity, category 1A Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure, category 2



Environmentally Damaging

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment, category 1 Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment, category 1

Oxidizing Solids 3.

Ac. Oral Tox. 4.

Ac. Inhal Tox. 4.

Carcin 1B.

Repro Tox. 1A.

STOT RE 2.

Aq. AcTox. 1.

Aq. ChrTox. 1.

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

May intensify fire; oxidizer. Harmful if swallowed. **Effective date**: 03.06.2015 Page 2 of 8

Lead Dioxide

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials.

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

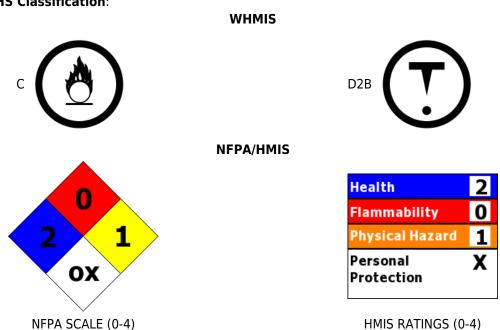
In case of fire: Use agents recommended in section 5 for extinction.

Collect spillage.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13.

Other Non-GHS Classification:



according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 3 of 8

Lead Dioxide

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:			
CAS 1309-60-0	Lead dioxide	<100 %	
		Percentages are by weight	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation:

Seek medical attention. Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Loosen clothing and place exposed in a comfortable position.

After skin contact:

Seek medical attention. Wash hands and exposed skin with soap and plenty of water.

After eye contact:

Immediately seek medical attention. Protect unexposed eye. Flush exposed eye gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses while rinsing. Keep eye lids open while rinsing.

After swallowing:

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

1309-60-0 loss of appetite, insomnia, weakness, muscle pain. Irritation. Shortness of breath. Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. 1309-60-0 Large dust exposure may cause encephalopathy, seizures, coma, and cardio respiratory arrest. 1309-60-0 Ingestion may lead to dizziness, abdominal cramps, vomiting, bloody diarrhea, metallic taste, weakness, and convulsions.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Use only water if in contact with burning combustibles.

Unsuitable extinguishing agents:

When dry acts as an oxidizer towards organics. Smothering the fire may not be effective.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Toxic lead oxides fumes. Combustible dust formation is a risk. Oxidizer, may explode if heated as an intimate mixture with a combustible. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment:

Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.

Additional information (precautions):

Avoid dust formation. Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 4 of 8

Lead Dioxide

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational.

Environmental precautions:

Should not be released into environment. Prevent from reaching drains, sewer, or waterway.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Small spills can be mixed with vermiculite or sodium carbonate and swept up. Do not mix reclaimed spills with combustible waste. Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8. Always obey local regulations. If necessary use trained response staff or contractor. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Containerize for disposal. Refer to Section 13. Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections: None

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Provide ventilation for containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection







Control Parameters: 1309-60-0, Lead dioxide, TWA 0.05 mg/m3 USA. ACGIH.

1309-60-0, Lead dioxide, TWA 0.05 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH.

1309-60-0, Lead dioxide, PEL 0.05 mg/m3 OSHA.

Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational

Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

Respiratory protection: If handling material in the form of a fine dust and ventilation is not

available a respirator should be worn. The use of respirators requires a Respirator Protection Program to be in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134. Material may form or contain a fine dust that may become airborne during handling. If possible handle the material in an efficient fume hood. Not required under normal conditions of use. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH approved

breathing equipment.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 5 of 8

Lead Dioxide

Protection of skin: Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select

glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear

protective clothing.

Eye protection: Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under

appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

General hygienic measures: Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and

immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes,

and clothing. Before rewearing wash contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color):	Dark brown solid		Not Determined Not Determined
Odor:	Odorless	Vapor pressure at 20°C:	Not Determined
Odor threshold:	Not Determined	Vapor density:	Not Determined
pH-value:	Not Determined	Relative density:	Not Determined
Melting/Freezing point:	290 °C	Solubilities:	Insoluble in water.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not Determined	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not Determined
Flash point (closed cup):	Not Determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not Determined
Evaporation rate:	Not Determined	Decomposition temperature:	> 290 °C
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not Determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic: Not Determined b. Dynamic: Not Determined
Density at 20°C:	Not Determined		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

Reacts with metallic powders.

Chemical stability:

Stable under normal conditions.

Possible hazardous reactions:

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid:

Incompatible materials. Dust formation.

Incompatible materials:

Reducing agents, organic materials, active metals, halogens azides, and fulminates.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Lead oxides. Oxygen gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 6 of 8

Lead Dioxide

Acute Toxicity: No additional information.
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.
Corrosion Irritation: No additional information.
Sensitization: No additional information.

Numerical Measures: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity:

1309-60-0: OSHA specifically regulat ed carcinogen (Lead dioxide)

Mutagenicity: No additional information.

Reproductive Toxicity:

1309-60-0 May cause congenital malformation in the fetus. 1309-60-0 Known human reproductive toxicant.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

1309-60-0: Very toxic to the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and degradability: No additional information. **Bioaccumulative potential**: No additional information.

Mobility in soil: No additional information.

Other adverse effects: No additional information.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. Product or containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

SECTION 14: Transport information

US DOT

UN Number:

ADR, ADN, DOT, IMDG, IATA 1872

Limited Quantity Exception: None

Bulk: Non Bulk:

RQ (if applicable): None RQ (if applicable): None

Proper shipping Name: Lead dioxide. **Proper shipping Name:** Lead dioxide.

Hazard Class: 5
Packing Group: |||.
Packing Group: |||.

Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No Marine Pollutant (if applicable): No

additional information. additional information.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 7 of 8

Lead Dioxide

Comments: None Comments: None





SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States (USA)

SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Reactive, Acute, Chronic

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients are listed.

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients are listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

None of the ingredients are listed.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Note. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 03.06.2015 Page 8 of 8

Lead Dioxide

handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases: None

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Effective date: 03.06.2015 **Last updated**: 06.17.2015