

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 03-Jan-2005

Revision Date 24-Dec-2021

Revision Number 4

1. Identification				
Product Name	Ethylaluminium dichloride, 0.9M solution in heptane			
Cat No. :	AC185450000; AC185451000; AC185458000			
Synonyms	EADC			
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.			
Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet			
<u>Company</u> Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100	Acros Organics One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410			
Emergency Telephone Number	For information US call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US :001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US :001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887			

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Γ

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit	Category 1
flammable gases	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).	
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause drowsiness or dizziness



Precautionary Statements

Prevention Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Do not allow contact with air Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture Keep cool Response Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Skin Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water/wrap with wet bandages Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/wrap with wet bandages Eves IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting Rinse mouth Fire In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction Storage Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store contents under inert gas Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container Disposal Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Reacts violently with water

Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component		Weight %	
	142-82-5	85	
ide	563-43-9	15	
4. F	irst-aid measures		
Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also u the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.			
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediate medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).			
Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.			
concentrations vomiting: Produ contraindicated Ingestion cause perforation: Syn and vomiting	may cause symptoms like headac uct is a corrosive material. Use of d. Possible perforation of stomach es severe swelling, severe damage mptoms of overexposure may be h	he, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and gastric lavage or emesis is or esophagus should be investigated: to the delicate tissue and danger of	
5. Fire	e-fighting measures		
	Immediate med the eyelids, for Wash off imme clothes and she Remove from e respiration. Imr (by aspiration). Do NOT induce center immedia Difficulty in bre concentrations vomiting: Produc contraindicateo Ingestion cause perforation: Sy and vomiting Treat symptom	ide 563-43-9 4. First-aid measures Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse im the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of wat clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is respiration. Immediate medical attention is respiration. Immediate medical attention is require (by aspiration). Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immed center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, h Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all expose concentrations may cause symptoms like headacc vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headacc.	

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, soda ash, lime or sand. approved class D extinguishers. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Water
Flash Point Method -	-4 °C No information available
Autoignition Temperature Explosion Limits	No information available
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impac	t No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water reactive. Produce flammable gases on contact with water. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrocarbons. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Hydrogen chloride gas. Ethane.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

<u>NFPA</u>

Health 3	Flammability 4	Instability 2	Physical hazards W			
	6. Accidental rel	ease measures				
Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions	Do not flush into surface wa contaminate ground water	ion. Take precautionary measu ater or sanitary sewer system. I system. Prevent product from e cant spillages cannot be contair	Do not allow material to entering drains. Local authorities			
Methods for Containment and Clea Up	 an Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not expose spill to water. 					
7. Handling and storage						
Handling	from open flames, hot surfa avoid ignition of vapors by	aces and sources of ignition. Us	netal parts of the equipment must			
Storage.	from heat, sparks and flame Flammables area. Keep un		act with water. Corrosives area. tightly closed in a dry, cool and			

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
n-Heptane	TWA: 400 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm	IDLH: 750 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm
	STEL: 500 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m ³	TWA: 85 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm
		(Vacated) STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 350 mg/m ³	
		(Vacated) STEL: 2000	Ceiling: 440 ppm	
		mg/m ³	Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³	
		TWA: 500 ppm		
		TWA: 2000 mg/m ³		

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.	
Personal Protective Equipment		
Eye/face Protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.	
Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.	
Respiratory Protection	Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.	

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Irritating
Odor Threshold	No information available
рН	Not applicable
Melting Point/Range	No data available
Boiling Point/Range	No information available
Flash Point	-4 °C
Evaporation Rate	No information available
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No information available
Vapor Density	No information available
Specific Gravity	0.740
Solubility	No information available
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/wa	ater No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	> 180°C
Viscosity	No information available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard	Yes
Stability	Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.
Incompatible Materials	Acids, Alcohols, oxygen
Hazardous Decomposition Products	s Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO ₂), Hydrocarbons, Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes, Hydrogen chloride gas, Ethane
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Vapor LC50 Component Information	Based on ATE data, the cl	assification criteria are not met. A assification criteria are not met. A assification criteria are not met. A	ATE > 2000 mg/kg.		
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
n-Heptane	>2000 mg/kg (rat)	LD50 = 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 73.5 mg/L (Rat)4 h		
Toxicologically Synergistic No information available Products Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure					
Irritation	Causes burns by all expos	sure routes			

Sensitization

No information available

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Ethylaluminum dichloride	563-43-9	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Mutagenic Effects		No information ava	ailable			
Reproductive Effect	S	No information available.				
Developmental Effect	cts	No information ava	ailable.			
Teratogenicity		No information ava	ailable.			
STOT - single expos STOT - repeated exp		Central nervous system (CNS) None known				
Aspiration hazard		Category 1				
Symptoms / effects delayed	both acute and,	nd Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage o emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness nausea and vomiting				astric lavage or should be icate tissue and
Endocrine Disruptor	Information	No information available				
Other Adverse Effec	ts	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.				

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
n-Heptane	Not listed	LC50: = 375.0 mg/L, 96h (Cichlid fish)	Not listed	EC50: >10 mg/L/24h

Persistence and Degradability May persist

Bioaccumulation/Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

Component	log Pow
n-Heptane	4.66

13. Disposal considerations							
Waste Disposal Methods	Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.						
	14. Transport information						
DOT							

UN-No

UN3399

Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group TDG	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE 4.3 3 I
UN-No	UN3399
Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	
	UN3399
UN-No Drener Shinning Name	
Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE 4.3
	4.5 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class Packing Group	
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN3399
Proper Shipping Name	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE
Hazard Class	4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	
	15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Х	ACTIVE	-
Ethylaluminum dichloride	563-43-9	Х	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (KECL).

Component	CAS No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	IECSC	KECL
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Х	-	205-563-8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-18271
Ethylaluminum dichloride	563-43-9	Х	-	209-248-6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-10127

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313	Not applicable
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	See section 2 for more information
CWA (Clean Water Act)	Not applicable
Clean Air Act	Not applicable
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration	Not applicable

CERCLA

Not applicable

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
n-Heptane	Х	Х	Х	-	Х
Ethylaluminum dichloride	Х	Х	Х	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

U.S. Department of Homeland	This product does not contain any
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	Ν
DOT Marine Pollutant	Y
Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Ν

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

No information available

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
n-Heptane	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
		(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethylaluminum dichloride	563-43-9	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
n-Heptane	142-82-5	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethylaluminum dichloride	563-43-9	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By

Regulatory Affairs Thermo Fisher Scientific Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date Revision Date Print Date

03-Jan-2005 24-Dec-2021 24-Dec-2021 **Revision Summary**

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

